# Portsmouth Hospitals University NHS Trust

# **Gynaecology - Repair of Prolapse**

#### Introduction

The Covid pandemic has had a significant impact on the NHS ability to provide routine elective services. We recognise that patients are waiting longer than we would all like and it is not always possible to identify when treatment will take place. This document provides you with information on how you are able to support yourself while waiting to attend the hospital.

### **Repair of Prolapse**

Prolapse is very common. Mild prolapse often causes no symptoms and treatment is not always necessary. However, you should see your doctor if you think you may have a prolapse.

Prolapse can affect quality of life by causing symptoms such as discomfort or a feeling of heaviness. It can cause bladder and bowel problems, and sexual activity may also be affected.

Prolapse can be reduced with various lifestyle interventions including stopping smoking, weight loss, exercise and avoiding constipation, as well as avoidance of activities that may make your prolapse worse such as heavy lifting.

Treatment options to support your prolapse include physiotherapy, pessaries and surgery.

How severe your symptoms are and whether you choose to have surgery will depend on how your prolapse affects your daily life. Not everyone with prolapse needs surgery but you may want to consider surgery if other options have not adequately helped.

Surgery for prolapse aims to support the pelvic organs and to help ease your symptoms. It cannot always cure the problem completely. There are a number of possible operations; the most suitable one for you will depend on your circumstances.

#### **Guidance for Patients**

The following may ease your symptoms and stop your prolapse from becoming worse:

#### Lifestyle changes:

- losing weight if you are overweight
- managing a chronic cough if you have one; stopping smoking will help
- avoiding constipation; talk to your doctor about ways of helping and treating constipation
- avoiding heavy lifting; you may wish to talk to your employer if your job involves heavy lifting
- avoiding physical activity such as trampolining or high-impact exercise.
- **Pelvic floor exercises** may help to strengthen your pelvic floor muscles. You may be referred for a course of treatment to a physiotherapist who specialises in prolapse.

• **Vaginal hormone treatment (estrogen)** – if you have a mild prolapse and you have gone through the menopause; your doctor may recommend vaginal tablets or cream.

Whilst you are waiting for their procedure, it is important to maintain a healthy lifestyle. To support local Portsmouth residents to stop smoking or lose weight, Portsmouth Wellbeing Service <a href="https://www.wellbeingportsmouth.co.uk">www.wellbeingportsmouth.co.uk</a> has been commissioned to provide free stop smoking and weight management support to our community.

Portsmouth Wellbeing Service <u>www.wellbeingportsmouth.co.uk</u> are here to help you and offer different levels of support to maintain a healthy weight and to stop smoking including telephone support, virtual and app-based support options.

**Stop Smoking Service** the stop smoking service provides a range of options to help you quit including support from an advisor, stop smoking medications, e-cigarettes and a digital offer for those who wish to quit by themselves.

If you are not ready to quit just yet but would like more information on how to protect your family, <u>Smoke free Homes</u>, advises on how to make your home and car smoke free.

Weight Management Service The service supports adults aged 18 years or over who want to lose weight and have been identified as obese.

#### Find out your BMI

You can get help to lead a healthier lifestyle if you're an adult (18 years or over) living in Portsmouth and your body mass index (BMI) is above average. Use this tool <a href="www.nhs.uk/live-well/healthy-weight/bmi-calculator">www.nhs.uk/live-well/healthy-weight/bmi-calculator</a> to find your BMI. If it's too high, sign up for a programme that will help you lose weight BMI of 30+

If your BMI is 30 or higher, you qualify for free support from <a href="https://www.portsmouth.gov.uk/services/health-and-care/health/weight-loss-and-weight-management/">www.portsmouth.gov.uk/services/health-and-care/health/weight-loss-and-weight-management/</a>

#### **BMI of 28+**

You can get free support from Portsmouth Wellbeing Service <a href="www.wellbeingportsmouth.co.uk">www.wellbeingportsmouth.co.uk</a> if your BMI is 28 or over if at least one of the following applies:

- you have Type 1 and 2 Diabetes or Metabolic Syndrome
- you have problems with your heart, circulation, hypertension or high blood pressure
- you have been diagnosed with anxiety/depression
- you need to lose weight before receiving another medical treatment or surgery
- you have a serious long-term health condition that is adversely affected by your weight such as muscular skeletal disorders (back pain, mobility issues) and asthma
- you're from a black or ethnic minority background.

#### BMI of 25+

If you have a Body Mass Index of 25 or higher Better Health Let's Do This – Lose Weight website <a href="https://www.nhs.uk/better-health/lose-weight/">www.nhs.uk/better-health/lose-weight/</a> provides online support to help you lose weight and includes access to the NHS 12 week weight loss plan

The NHS 12-week fitness plan will support your weight loss plan as well as improve your health. This is aimed at beginners and will help get you into the habit of regular exercise over the course of the programme. It is structured but flexible enough to allow you to fit the exercise sessions around your other weekly commitments.

#### Healthy eating and being active

Information and advice on healthy eating and becoming more active is available from:

- One You Eat Better (website) includes Easy Meals app for healthy meals and the Change4Life Food
   Scanner to help reduce levels of sugar in your diet.
- <u>Better Health Get Active</u> (website) includes tips on getting active for all, including the downloadable Active 10 app, as well as tailored advice for those living with a long-term condition.
- Sugar Smart is a campaign to raise awareness of hidden sugars, recommended levels and healthy
  alternatives by encouraging individuals, groups, businesses, schools and organisation to join the
  campaign and make a pledge. To find out how you can join in, become sugar smart and make good
  choices about what you, your family, colleagues eat, please visit Sugar Smart <a href="www.sugarsmartuk.org">www.sugarsmartuk.org</a>

# What should I do if my health is deteriorating?

The most common symptom is the sensation of a lump 'coming down'. You may also have had backache, heaviness or a dragging discomfort inside your vagina. These symptoms are often worse if you have been standing (or sitting) for a long time or at the end of the day. These symptoms often improve on lying down.

You may be able to feel or see a lump or bulge. You should see your doctor if this is the case because the prolapse may become sore, ulcerated or infected.

If your bladder has prolapsed into the vagina, you may:

- experience the need to pass urine more frequently
- have difficulty in passing urine or a sensation that your bladder is not emptying properly
- leak urine when coughing, laughing or lifting heavy objects
- have frequent urinary tract infections (cystitis).

If your bowel is affected, you may experience low back pain, constipation or incomplete bowel emptying. You may need to push back the prolapse to allow stools to pass.

Sex may be uncomfortable, and you may also experience a lack of sensation during intercourse.

If you are affected by any of the conditions above, please contact your GP or the Obstetrics and Gynaecology Department.

## **Urgent Health Advice**

For urgent health advice about physical or mental health, when it's not an emergency, please call 111 from any landline or mobile phone. You can also visit <a href="www.nhs.uk">www.nhs.uk</a>. The NHS 111 service is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

#### Life Threatening Emergencies

For something life threatening – severe bleeding, breathing difficulties or chest pains – please dial 999.

#### GP surgeries are still open

GP practice staff are also helping patients to manage their conditions at home while they wait for hospital appointments.

GP surgeries are still open and are working differently to how they did before the COVID-19 pandemic and GP practices continue to make best use of telephone, online and video consultations. Face-to-face appointments are still being given to those who need it.

When you phone or use an online form to contact your GP surgery to make an appointment, you will be asked some questions which are designed to help staff guide you to the most appropriate clinical person to help you with your condition. This could be a nurse, clinical pharmacist, physician's associate, GP or paramedic.

A list of GP practices with relevant contact details are available on the following website: www.nhs.uk/service-search/find-a-gp

#### My Planned Care enquiries

**Contact Us** 

Call: 02392 681700

Email: MyPlannedCare@porthosp.nhs.uk

Website: https://www.porthosp.nhs.uk/