## **My Planned Care Patient Information Platform**

## **Rheumatology – First Outpatient Appointment**

### **Introduction**

The Covid pandemic has had a significant impact on the NHS ability to provide routine elective services. We recognise that patients are waiting longer than we would all like and it is not always possible to identify when treatment will take place. This document provides you with information on how you are able to support yourself while waiting to attend the hospital. The guidance has been written by clinicians who are responsible for your care

**Rheumatology** is a medical speciality that cares for a wide range of conditions affecting the musculoskeletal system. It is used to describe painful conditions of the joints, muscles and surrounding soft tissues. We look after patients with Inflammatory Arthritis, Osteoarthritis and Connective tissue diseases such as Lupus, Systemic sclerosis or Vasculitis. We also see patients with soft tissue rheumatic complaints and fibromyalgia, although a lot of these conditions are now managed in GP practices. Many of the conditions treated are linked with the immune system attacking different body tissues. The Rheumatology Service is predominately outpatient based. Clinics are held in Outpatient Department, Kettering Hospital.

## What to bring to face to face clinics

Please bring a urine sample when you attend consultants/nurse clinics and a current list of your regular medication to all appointments. You may be asked to come in to have a blood test, an X-ray or another form of a scan.

The rheumatology department offers the following clinics:

- Daily consultant or nurse specialist appointments
- Nurse-led blood monitoring
- Pharmacist-led medication screening
- steroid joint injections

We also provide Daycase treatments, including:

- Biologic and immunosuppressive infusion therapy
- Joint aspirations and injections
- Soft tissue injections

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We offer specialist advice to inpatients as well as GP's. However, we do not provide an out of hours service. Occupational therapists and research team can also be accessed through the department

## **Guidance for Patients**

If your symptoms get worse this is known as a 'flare-up'

A flare is unpredictable and may start suddenly. It can last for hours, days, or even months if not treated. A flare may result in:

- Increased swelling
- Worsening pain
- More joint stiffness
- Increased tiredness
- Feeling generally unwell or feverish
- Decreased appetite

Sometimes a flare may follow an infection, such as a chest or urinary infection. In this case it is advisable to consult your GP as you may require treatment for the infection

During a flare you may need to:

• Adjust some of your medication. Taking painkillers and/or anti-inflammatory tablets regularly should help control and minimise the pain. Never exceed the maximum recommended dose. You should continue to take all your other medication as normal.

• If you are taking steroid tablets, it is important that you do not alter the dose without consulting your GP first.

• Anti-inflammatory gels may be applied locally to the affected joints following the manufacturer's instructions

There are other things you can do to help yourself which can soothe painful joints:

• Rest or exercise? During a flare it is important to pace your activities. This means planning the day, taking into consideration your increased tiredness. You may need to take short rests in between activities but remember to keep those joints moving. This reduces stiffness and maintains muscle tone. You may be reluctant to exercise flaring joints, but it will help.

• Wearing wrist splints may help reduce pain by keeping the joint in a neutral position. Try to avoid putting pressure through an inflamed joint.

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• Relaxation, distraction or imagery may help. This may include listening to music or picturing yourself in a pleasant environment.

Hold and cold treatments should be applied for up to 15 minutes intervals, with the exception of iced water where 5 minutes is acceptable.

### **Further Help**

NHS Choices: www.nhs.uk/conditions

Versus arthritis UK Website: https://www.versusarthritis.org/

Telephone: 0800 5200 520

NASS National Ankylosing Spondylitis Society

Website: https://nass.co.uk/

Telephone: 020 8741 1515

NRAS (National Rheumatoid Arthritis Support)

Website: https://nras.org.uk/

Telephone: 0800 298 7650

### **Contact Details**

Rheumatology Kettering General Hospital

01536 492392

Please note we will not give explicit clinical advice via telephone until you have been reviewed within clinic by a consultant first.

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